

Optimizing the Tradeoff: Cost vs. Quality in IT Support

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27 Years of IT Service and Support Benchmarking Data

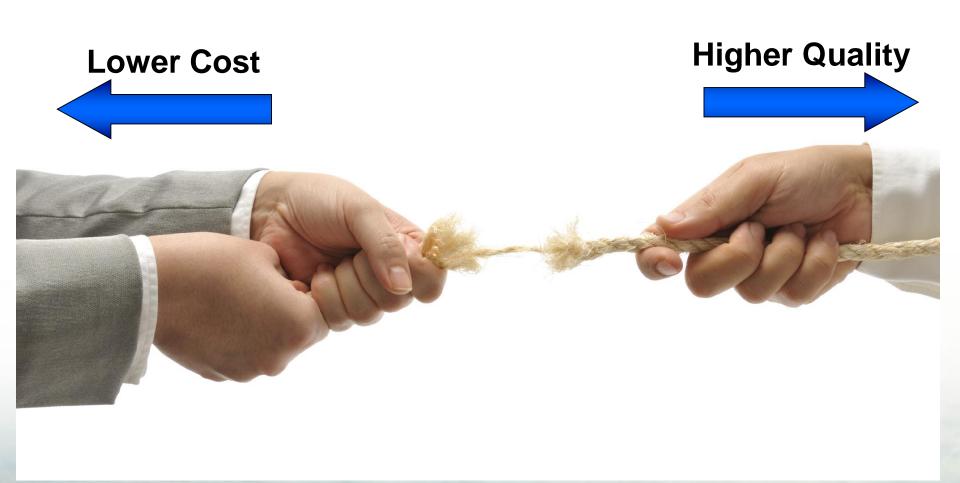


10 Industry MegaTrends

- □ The rise of the Strategic Service and Support Organization
- Holistic use of KPI's
- Benchmarking to Improve Performance
- User Self-Help
- Marketing Service and Support
- Understanding TCO and Shift Left Strategies
- First Contact and First Level Resolution
- Process Rationalization (ITIL, ITSM)
- Knowledge Management and Remote Diagnosis
- Service Optimization: Cost vs. Quality in IT Support



Competing Objectives: Cost vs. Quality





Doing Things Right!

Some Common Service Desk KPI's

Cost

- Cost per Contact
- First Level Resolution Rate

Quality

- Customer Satisfaction
- Call Quality
- % Escalated Level 1 Resolvable

Productivity

- Contacts per Agent per Month
- Agent Utilization
- Agents as % of Total FTE's

Agent

- Agent Occupancy
- Annual Agent Turnover
- Daily Absenteeism
- New Agent Training Hours
- Annual Agent Training Hours
- Schedule Adherence
- Agent Tenure
- Agent Job Satisfaction

Service Level

- Average speed of answer (ASA)
- Call abandonment rate
- % Answered within 30 Seconds
- Average hold time
- Average time to abandon
- Percent of calls blocked

Call Handling

- Contact Handle Time
- First Contact Resolution Rate
- User Self-Help Rate
- IVR completion Rate
- Percent of calls transferred

And there are hundreds more!!



KPI's: Which Ones Really Matter?

Cost

Cost per Contact

Quality

Customer Satisfaction

Productivity

Agent Utilization

Call Handling

First Contact Resolution Rate

TCO

First Level Resolution Rate

Agent

Agent Job Satisfaction

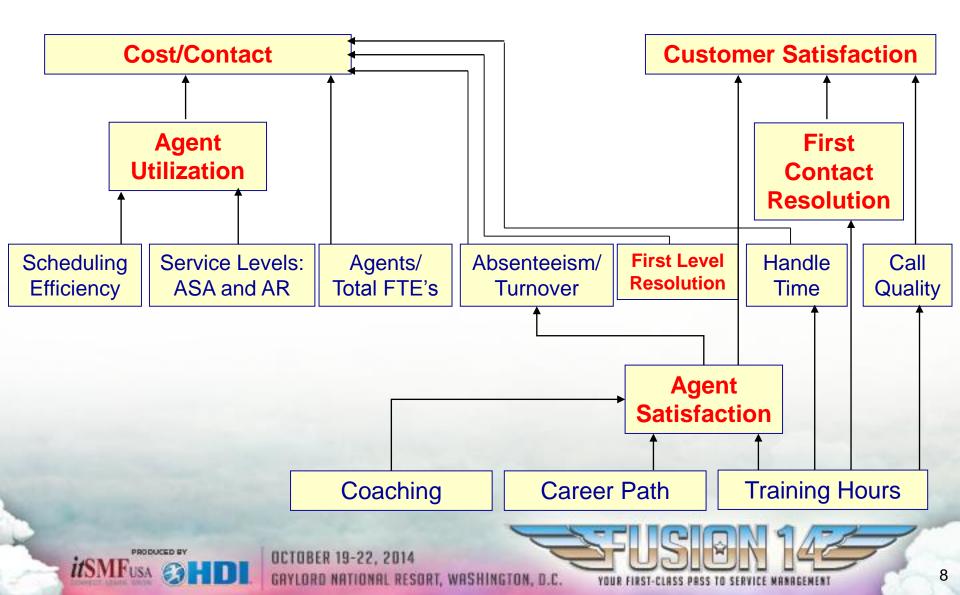
Aggregate

Balanced Scorecard

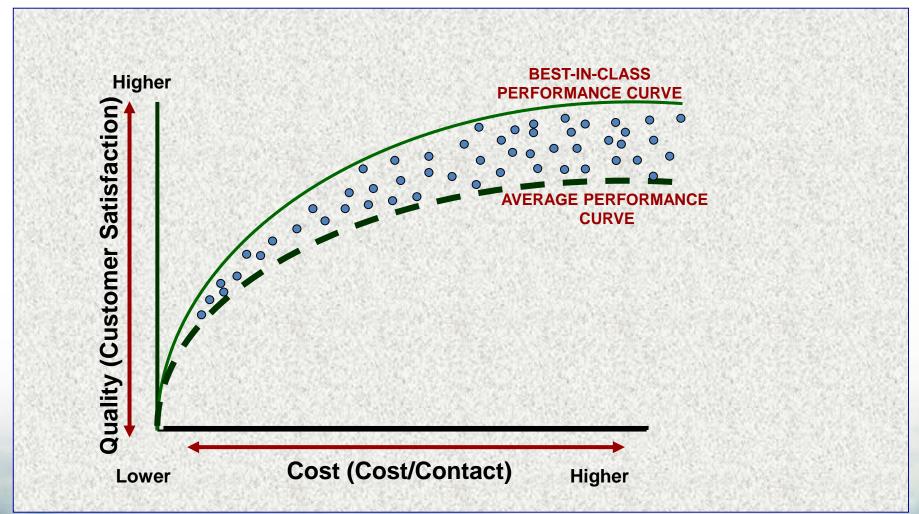
Read MetricNet's whitepaper on Service Desk Performance Metrics. Go to www.metricnet.com to get your copy!



A Summary of the Major KPI Correlations

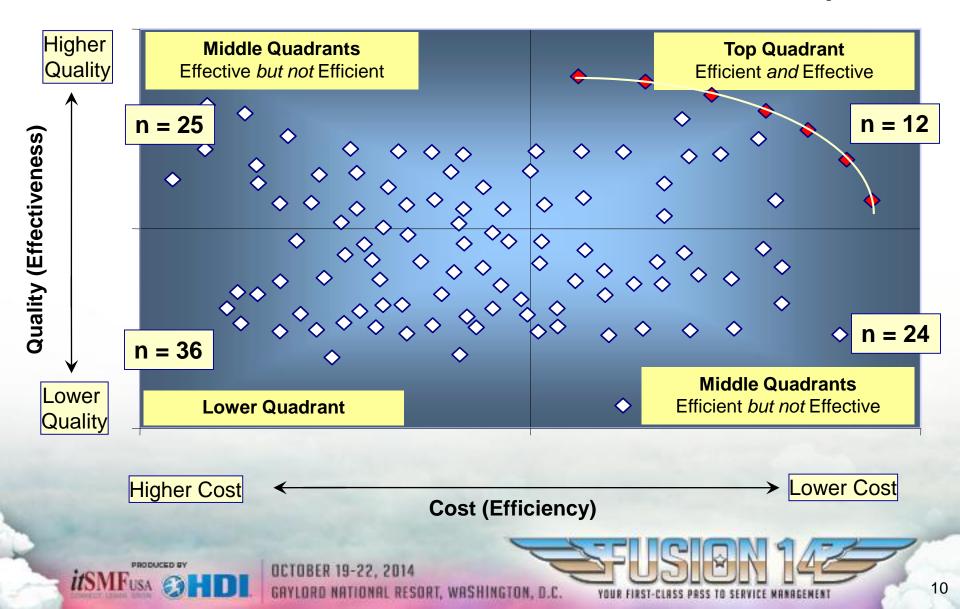


The Cost vs. Quality Tradeoff





Another View: Cost vs. Quality

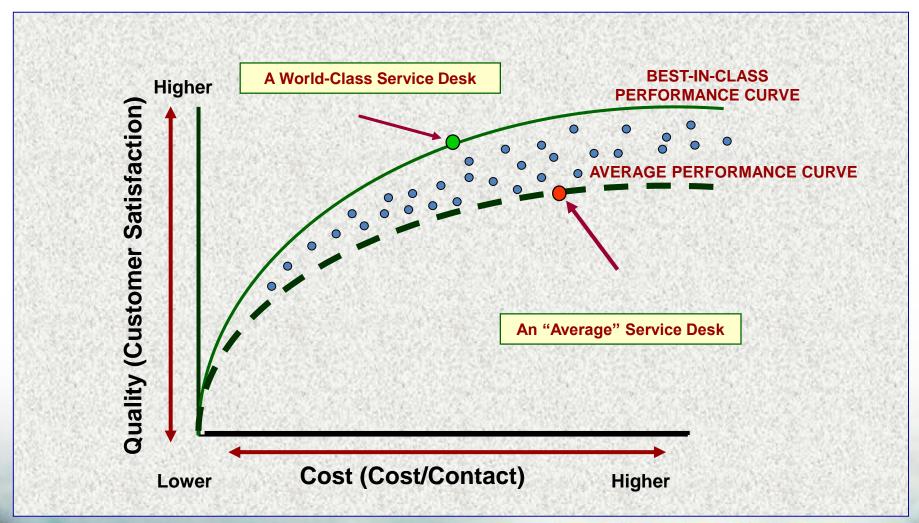


Characteristics of a World-Class Service Desk

- Service desk consistently exceeds customer expectations
 - Result is high levels of customer satisfaction
 - Call quality is consistently high
- Costs are managed at or below industry average levels
 - Cost per contact below average
 - Minimizes Total Cost of Ownership (TCO)
- Service desk follows industry best practices
 - Industry best practices are defined and documented
 - Service desk follows industry best practices
- Every transaction adds value
 - A positive customer experience
 - Drives a positive view of IT overall

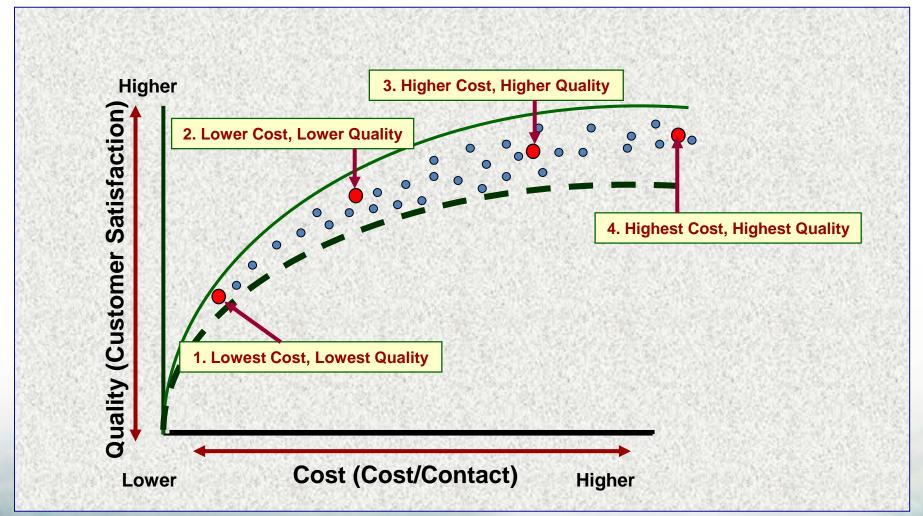


The World-Class Service Desk Defined





Four Cost/Quality Scenarios



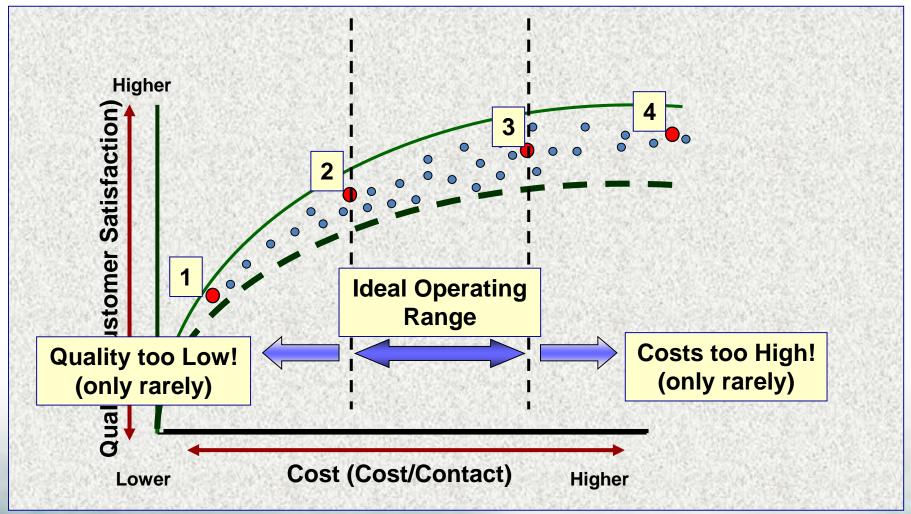


Key Performance Indicators: Four Scenarios

| | Four Scenarios | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| Key Performance Indicators | Scenario 1 (Lowest Cost/ Lowest Quality) | Scenario 2 (Lower Cost/ Lower Quality) | Scenario 3 (Higher Cost/ Higher Quality) | Scenario 4 (Highest Cost/ Highest Quality) |
| Cost/Contact | \$9 | \$12 | \$18 | \$30 |
| Customer Satisfaction | 70% | 82% | 90% | 95% |
| Agent Utilization | 65% | 60% | 55% | 50% |
| First Contact Resolution | 60% | 72% | 78% | 82% |
| Average Speed of Answer | 90 sec | 60 sec | 30 sec | 20 sec |
| First Level Resolution | 75% | 85% | 90% | 95% |



The Ideal Operating Range





KPI's in The Ideal Operating Range

| | Performance in the Ideal Operating Range | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Key Performance Indicators | Scenario 2 (Lower Cost/ Lower Quality) | Scenario 3 (Higher Cost/ Higher Quality) | |
| Cost/Contact | \$12 | \$18 | |
| Customer Satisfaction | 82% | 90% | |
| Agent Utilization | 60% | 55% | |
| First Contact Resolution | 72% | 78% | |
| Average Speed of Answer | 60 sec | 30 sec | |
| First Level Resolution | 85% | 90% | |



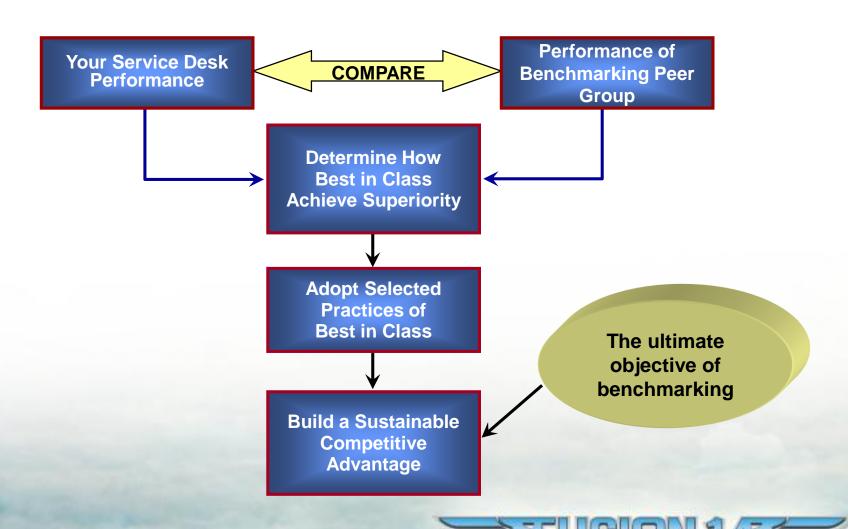
Optimizing the Cost/Quality Tradeoff

Getting there is a Two-Step process

1. Benchmark your Service Desk to maximize Efficiency and Effectiveness

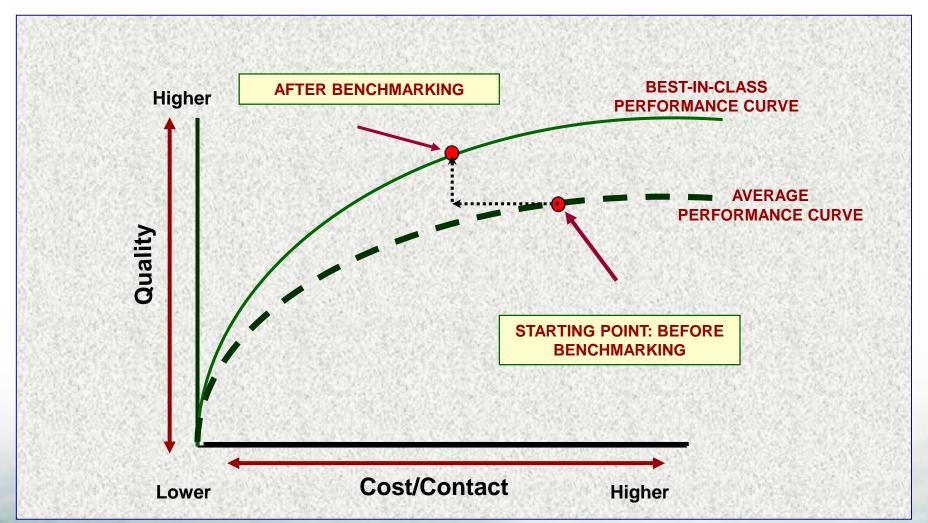
2. Fine Tune your Service Desk performance to achieve the ideal operating point

The Benchmarking Methodology



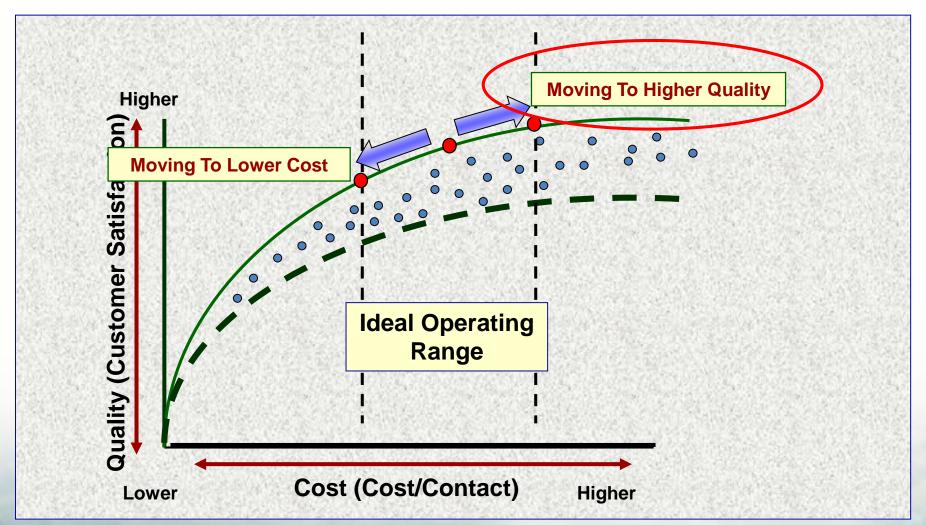


Step 1: Benchmarking

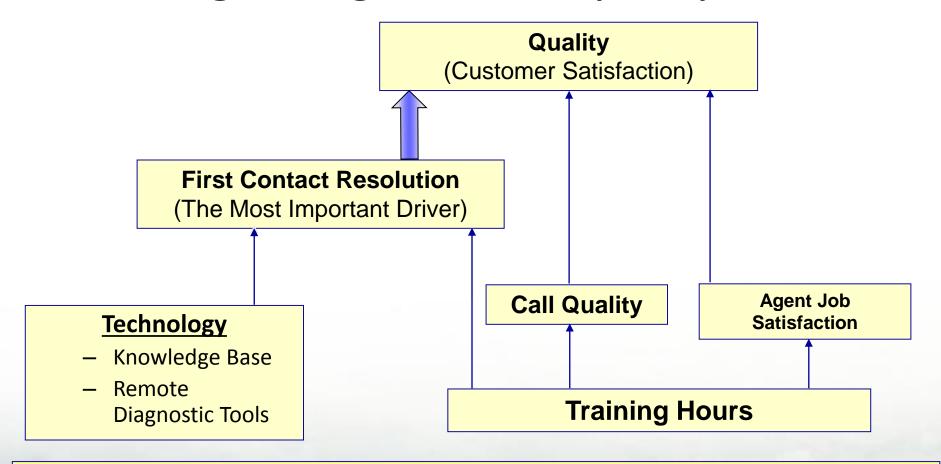




Step 2: Fine Tuning



Moving to Higher Quality: Key Drivers

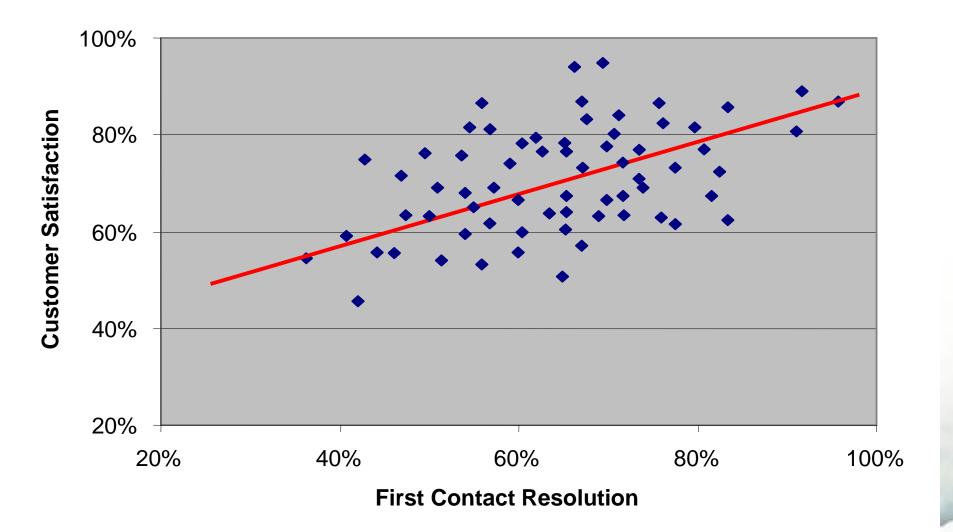


The Bottom Line

Every 1% Increase in First Contact Resolution Improves Customer Satisfaction by Approximately 1%!



First Contact Resolution Drives Customer Satisfaction

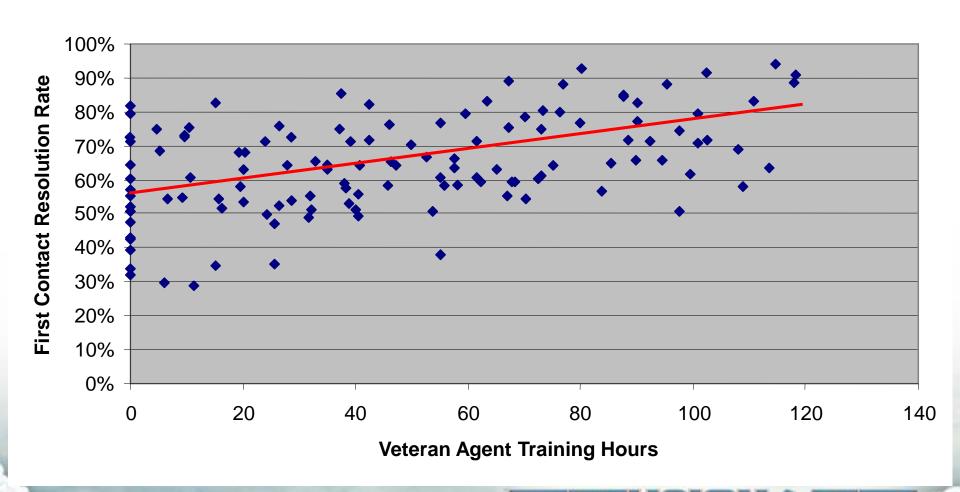




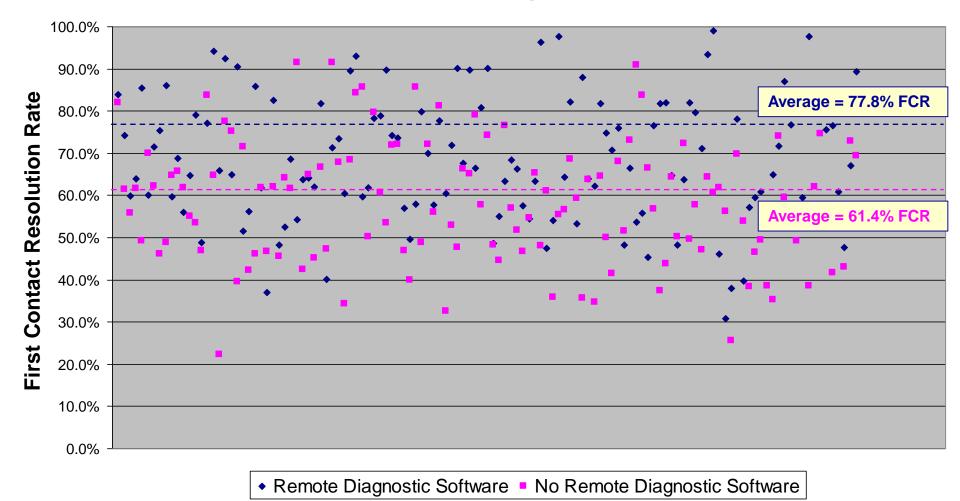
New Agent Training Hours vs. First Contact Resolution



Veteran Agent Training vs. First Contact Resolution

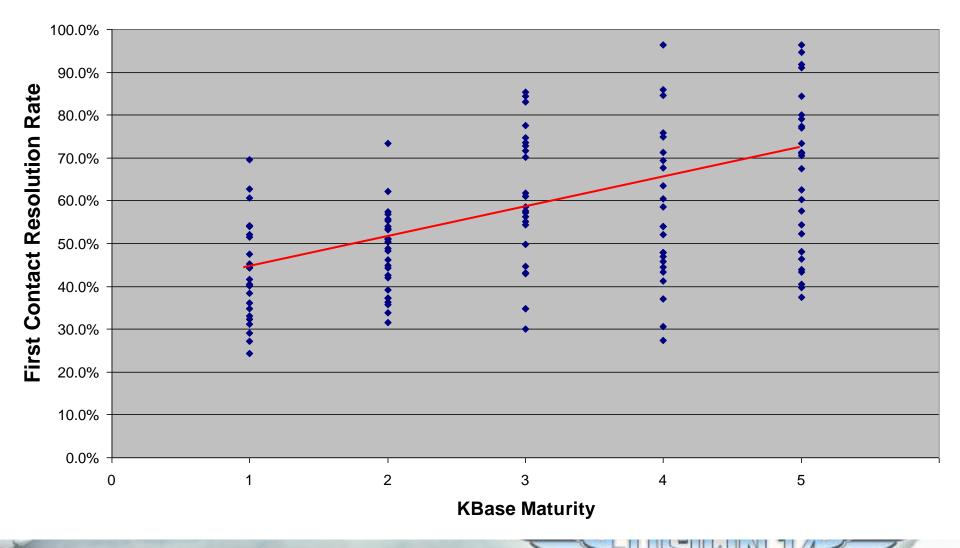


The Effect of Remote Diagnostic Tools on FCR



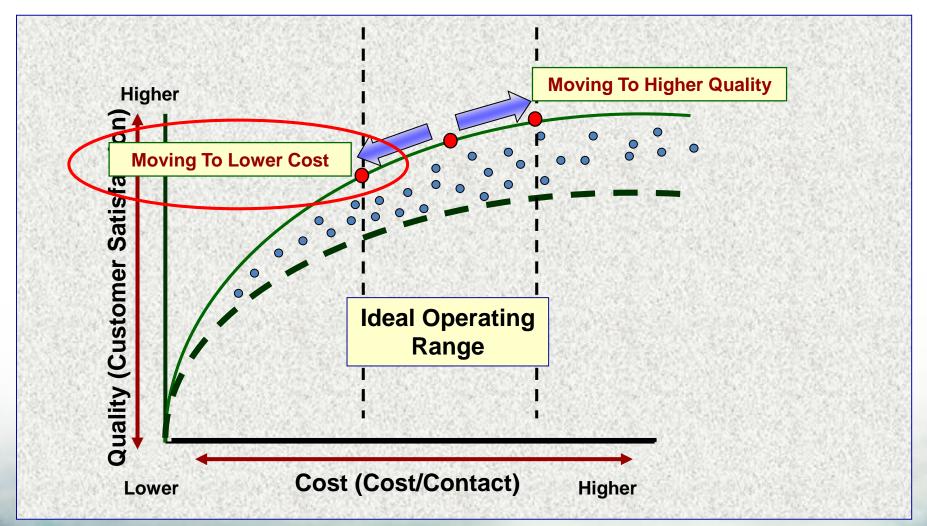


The Effect of a Mature Knowledge Base on FCR



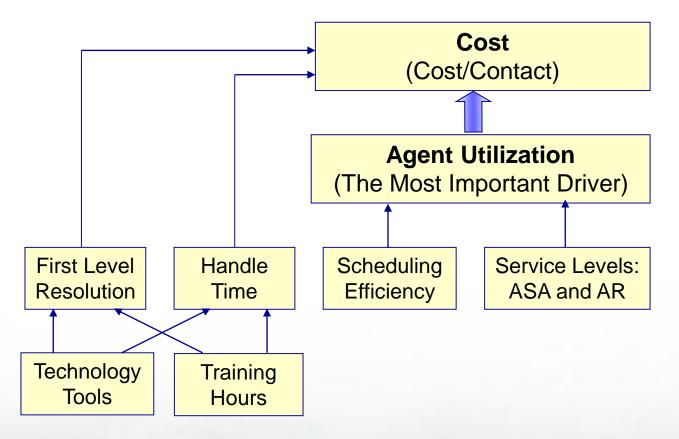


Step 2: Fine Tuning





Moving to Lower Cost: Key Drivers

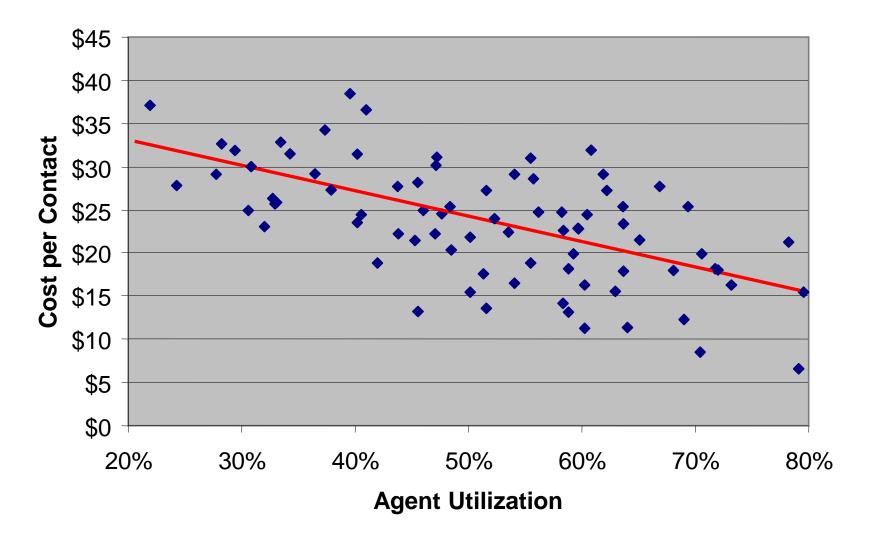


The Bottom Line

Every 2% Increase in Agent Utilization Reduces Cost per Contact by Approximately 1%!



Agent Utilization Drives Cost per Contact





Agent Utilization Defined

Agent
Utilization =

((Average number of inbound Contacts handled by an Agent in a month) X (Average inbound handle time in minutes) + (Average number of outbound Contacts handled by an Agent in a month) X (Average outbound handle time in minutes))

(Average number of days worked in a month) X (Number of work hours in a day) X (60 minutes/hr)

- Agent Utilization is a measure of the actual time agents spend providing direct customer support in a month, divided by total time at work during the month
- It takes into account both inbound and outbound contacts handled by the Agents, and includes all contact types: voice, voice mail, email, web chat, walk-in, etc.
- But the calculation for Agent Utilization does not make adjustments for sick days, holidays, training time, project time, or idle time
- By calculating Agent Utilization in this way, all Service Desks worldwide are measured in exactly the same way, and can therefore be directly compared for benchmarking purposes

Example: Service Desk Agent Utilization

- Inbound Contacts per Agent per Month = 375
- Outbound Contacts per Agent per Month = 225
- Average Inbound Contact Handle Time = 10 minutes
- Average Outbound Contact Handle Time = 5 minutes

Agent
Utilization =

((Average number of inbound Contacts handled by an Agent in a month) X (Average inbound handle time in minutes) + (Average number of outbound Contacts handled by an Agent in a month) X (Average outbound handle time in minutes))

(Average number of days worked in a month) X (Number of work hours in a day) X (60 minutes/hr)

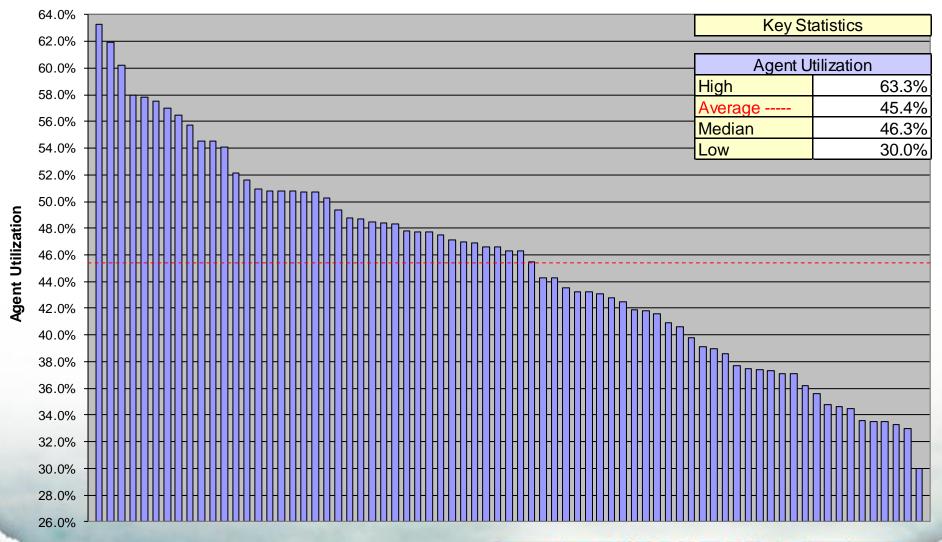
Agent Utilization ((375 Inbound Contacts per Month) X (10 minutes) + (225 Outbound Contacts per Month) X (5 minutes)

(21.5 working days per month) X (7.5 work hours per day) X (60 minutes/hr)

50.4%
Agent
Utilization

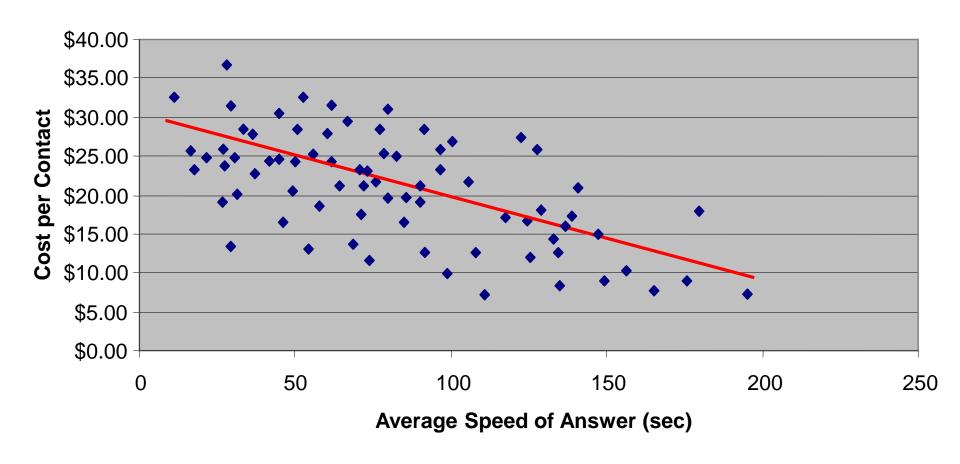


Agent Utilization: Benchmarking Results

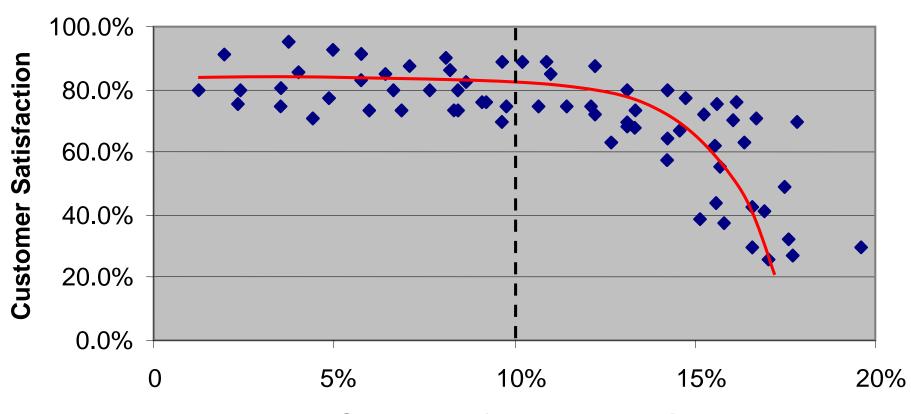




ASA Drives Cost per Contact

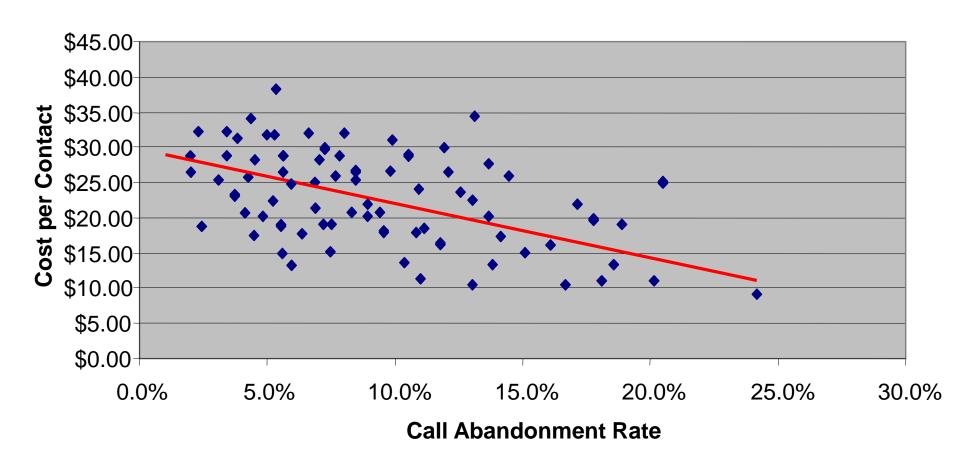


ASA vs. Customer Satisfaction

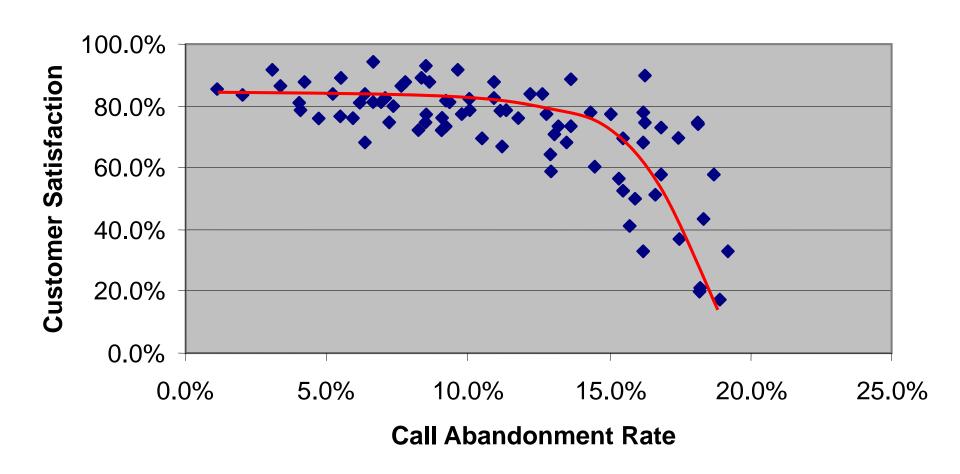


ASA as a % of Total Handle Time

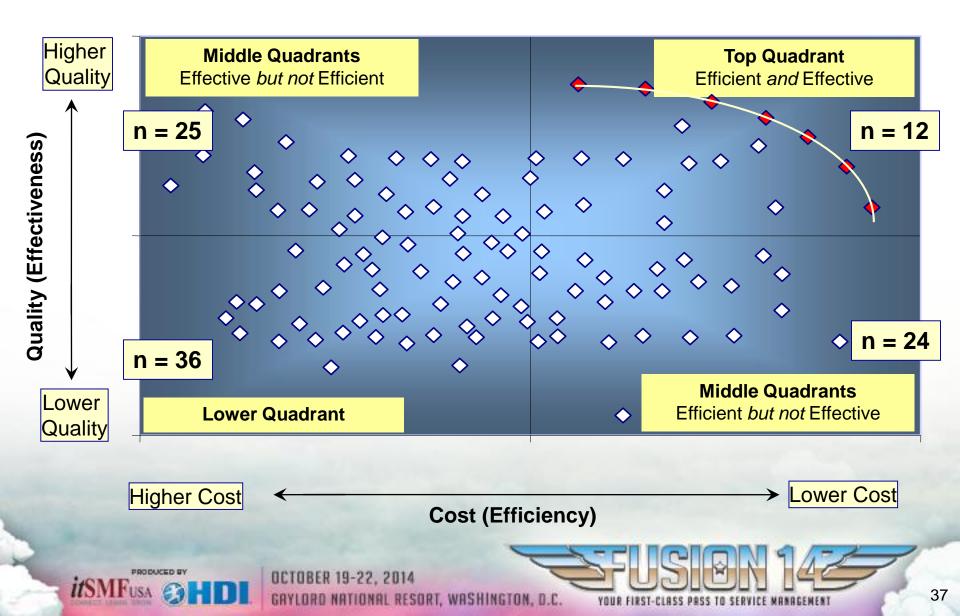
Call Abandonment Rate Also Drives Cost per Contact



Call Abandonment Rate vs. Customer Sat



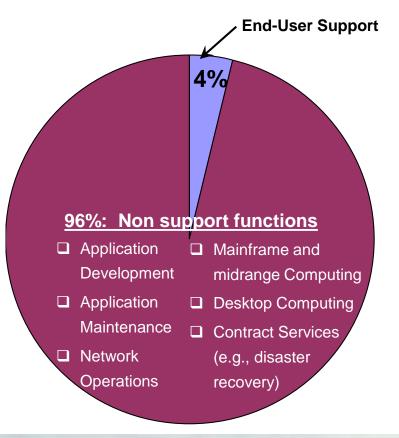
Cost and Quality: Where Does Your Service Desk Land?





Doing the Right Things!

The Paradox of IT Support



Corporate IT Spending Breakdown

- ☐ Less than 5% of all IT spending is allocated to end-user support
 - Service desk, desktop support, field support
- This leads many to erroneously assume that there is little upside opportunity in IT support
- ☐ The result is that most support organizations are managed with the goal of minimizing costs
- But the most effective support strategies focus on <u>maximizing value</u>



Creating Economic Value in Service and Support

World-Class Service and support organizations recognize and exploit three unique sources of leverage:

- 1. Minimizing Total Cost of Ownership (TCO)
- 2. Improving End-User Productivity
- 3. Driving a Positive View of Corporate IT



Cost of First Level vs. n-Level Resolution

| | Support Level | Cost per Ticket |
|--|--|---|
| | Vendor | \$471 |
| Organica Control of the Control of t | Field Support | \$196 |
| | Level 3 IT (apps, networking, NOC, etc.) | \$85 |
| | Level 2: Desktop Support | \$62 |
| | Level 1: Service Desk | \$22 |
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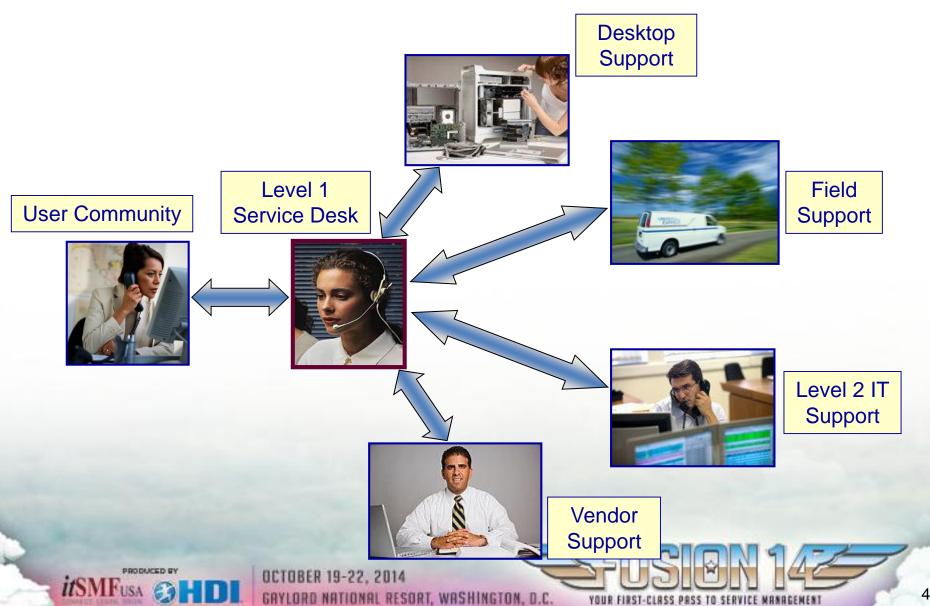
Shift Left Cost Reduction Strategies

Support Level -1 **Field** Vendor 1 3 0 \$0 \$471 \$2 \$22 \$62 \$85 \$196 **Incident Service** Field Vendor Desktop **Self Help IT Support** Prevention Desk Support Support Support

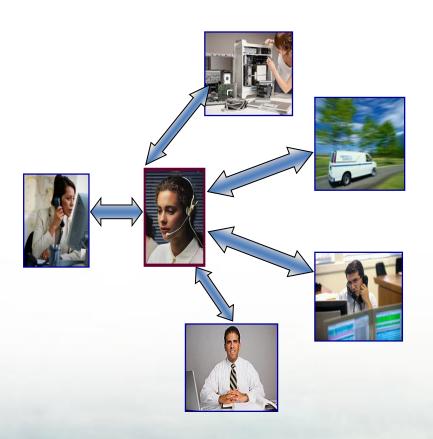




The Tao of SPOC (Single Point of Contact)



The Tao of SPOC (Continued)

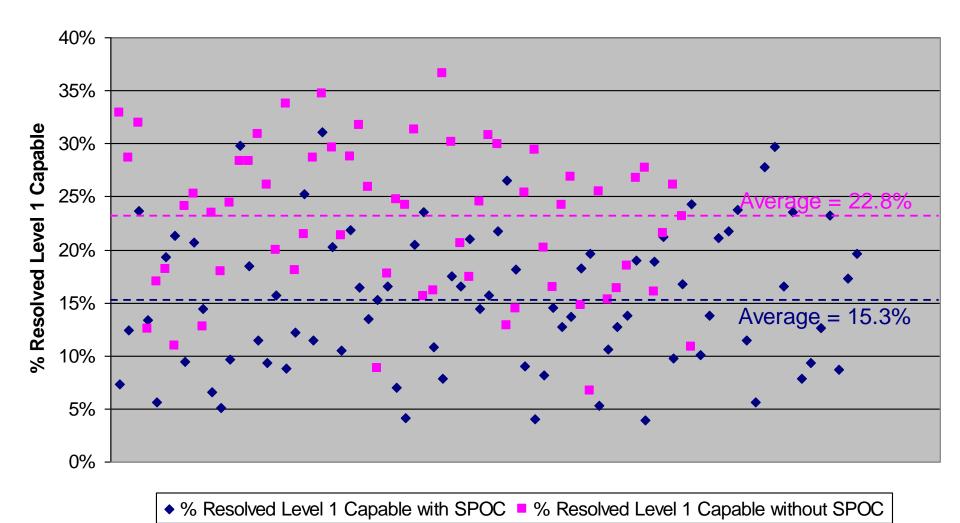


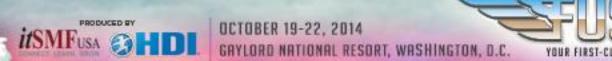
Key SPOC Principles

- Enterprise takes an end-to-end view of user support
- User/Customer has a single point of contact for all IT-related incidents, questions, problems, and work requests
- ☐ The Level 1 Service Desk is the SPOC
- ☐ Level 1 is responsible for:
 - Ticket triage
 - Resolution at Level 1 if possible
 - Effective handoffs to n level support
 - Resolution coordination and facilitation
 - Ticket closure
- Desktop "Drive-bys", "Fly-bys", and "Snags" are strongly discouraged

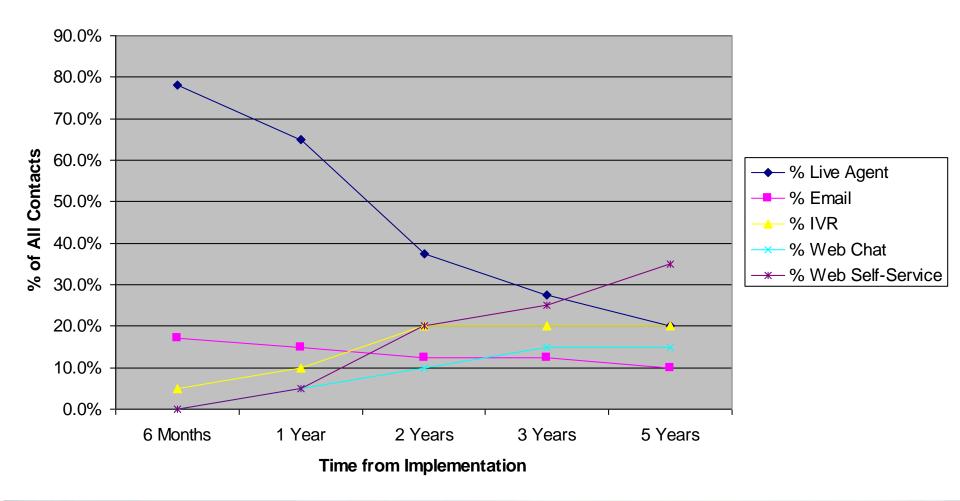


SPOC Support Reduces Total Cost of Ownership



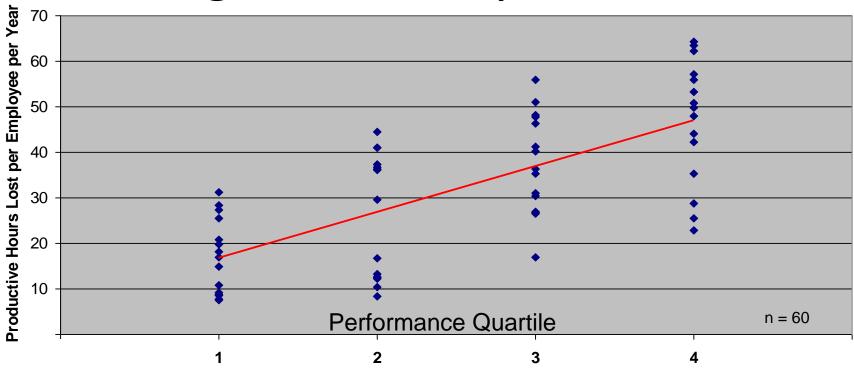


Driving Contacts into Lower Cost Channels





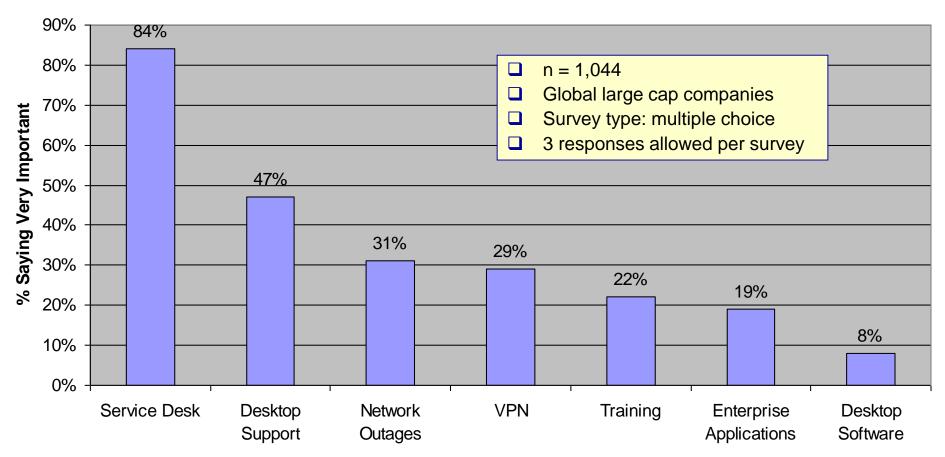
Returning Productivity to End Users



| Support Function | Key Performance Indicator | Performance Quartile | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|------------|
| Support Function | Rey Feriorinance indicator | 1 (top) | 2 | 3 | 4 (bottom) |
| Service Desk | Customer Satisfaction | 93.5% | 84.5% | 76.1% | 69.3% |
| | First Contact Resolution Rate | 90.1% | 83.0% | 72.7% | 66.4% |
| | Mean Time to Resolve (hours) | 0.8 | 1.2 | 3.6 | 5.0 |
| Desktop Support | Customer Satisfaction | 94.4% | 89.2% | 79.0% | 71.7% |
| | First Contact Resolution Rate | 89.3% | 85.6% | 80.9% | 74.5% |
| | Mean Time to Resolve (hours) | 2.9 | 4.8 | 9.4 | 12.3 |
| Average Productive Hours Lost per Employee per Year | | 17.1 | 25.9 | 37.4 | 46.9 |



Support Drives Customer Satisfaction for All of IT



Factors Contributing to IT Customer Satisfaction

84% cited the service desk as a very important factor in their overall satisfaction with corporate IT 47% cited desktop support as a very important factor in their overall satisfaction with corporate IT

Some Final Thoughts

- Optimizing the Cost/Quality Tradeoff is a two-step process
 - 1. Benchmark Service and Support to maximize Efficiency and Effectiveness
 - 2. Fine Tune Service and Support performance to achieve the ideal operating point
- Benchmarking will move your Service and Support to the Best-in-Class performance curve
- From there, you can optimize cost and quality
 - Improve First Contact Resolution to improve Customer Satisfaction
 - Don't "buy" too much Quality!
 - Improve Technician Utilization to reduce Cost per Contact
 - Don't sacrifice quality for the sake of reducing costs!





Questions?

Jeff Rumburg

Managing Partner

MetricNet, LLC

Thank you for attending this session.

Don't forget to complete an evaluation form!

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